

History Policy

Date policy last reviewed:	January 2024		
Signed by:			
	Headteacher	Date:	
	Chair of governors	Date:	
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Purpose of study

A high-quality history education will help pupils gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain's past and that of the wider world. It should inspire pupils' curiosity to know more about the past. Teaching should equip pupils to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement. History helps pupils to understand the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity and the challenges of their time.

Statement of intent

At Over Hall our high-quality History curriculum helps children gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain's past and that of the wider world. It should inspire childrens' curiosity to know more about the past. Our teaching equips pupils to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement. History helps children to understand the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity and the challenges of their time.

We aim to ensure that all children:

- Know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological
 narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped
 this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world.
- Know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature
 of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic
 features of past non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind.
- Gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry'.
- Understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically-valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses
- Understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed.
- Gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts, understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between short- and long-term timescales.

At Over Hall we use our own scheme designed to fit in to context of our area, drawing heavily on our rich local history, and designed to run alongside our English schemes. Each topic revolves around an enquiry question (as seen in the documents below) which then provide children with a focal point for their learning.

Subject content

Early years provision

Activities and experiences for pupils will be based on the seven areas of learning and development, as outlined in the DfE's 'Statutory framework for the early years foundation stage'.

- communication and language.
- physical development.
- personal, social and emotional development.
- literacy.
- mathematics.
- understanding the world.
- expressive arts and design.

All activities will adhere to the objectives set out in the framework.

In particular, historical-based activities will be used to develop pupils' understanding of the world, helping them to make comparisons between the past and present day as well as explore their own opinions on changes that have taken place over time.

Key Stage 1 Pupil Objectives:

Pupils should be taught about:

- changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life
- events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally
 [for example, the Great Fire of London, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries]
- the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods

[for example, Elizabeth I and Queen Victoria, Christopher Columbus and Neil Armstrong, William Caxton and Tim Berners-Lee, Pieter Bruegel the Elder and LS Lowry, Rosa Parks and Emily Davison, Mary Seacole and/or Florence Nightingale and Edith Cavell]

significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.

Key stage 2 Pupil Objectives:

Pupils should be taught about:

- changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age
- the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain
- Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots
- the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor
- a local history study
- a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066
- the achievements of the earliest civilizations an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China
- Ancient Greece a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world
- a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history one study chosen from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900; Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300.

Roles and responsibilities

The subject leader is responsible for:

- Preparing policy documents, curriculum plans and schemes of work for the subject.
- Reviewing changes to the national curriculum and advising on their implementation.
- Monitoring the learning and teaching of maths, providing support for staff where necessary.
- Ensuring the continuity and progression from year group to year group.
- Encouraging staff to provide effective learning opportunities for pupils.
- Helping to develop colleagues' expertise in the subject.
- Organising the deployment of resources and carrying out an annual audit of all mathsrelated resources.
- Liaising with teachers across all phases.

- Communicating developments in the subject to all teaching staff.
- Leading staff meetings and providing staff members with the appropriate training.
- Organising, providing and monitoring CPD opportunities in the subject.
- Ensuring common standards are met for recording and assessing pupil performance.
- Advising on the contribution of maths to other curriculum areas, including crosscurricular and extra-curricular activities.
- Collating assessment data and setting new priorities for the development of maths in subsequent years.

The classroom teacher is responsible for:

- · Acting in accordance with this policy.
- Ensuring progression of pupils historical skills, with due regard to the national curriculum.
- Planning lessons effectively, ensuring a range of teaching methods are used to cover the content of the national curriculum.
- Liaising with the subject leader about key topics, resources and support for individual pupils.
- Monitoring the progress of pupils in their class and reporting this on an annual basis to parents.
- Reporting any concerns regarding the teaching of the subject to the subject leader or a member of the SLT.
- Undertaking any training that is necessary in order to effectively teach the subject.

Cross-curricular Links

Wherever possible, the History curriculum will provide opportunities to establish links to other curriculum areas.

English

- Pupils are encouraged to use their speaking and listening skills to describe what is happening.
- Pupils' writing skills are developed through recording findings and creating reports, recounts, instructions/procedures etc.
- Pupils' vocabulary is developed through the use and understanding of specialist terminology.

Maths

- Pupils use their knowledge and understanding of measurement and data handling.
- Where appropriate, pupils record findings using charts, tables and graphs.
- Pupils use data analysis in order to identify patterns.

Science

- Pupils use their knowledge of the natural world to make comparisons between the past and present day
- Pupils' investigative and practical skills are developed through analysing artifacts

ICT

- ICT will be used to enhance pupils' learning.
- Pupils will use ICT to locate and research information.
- ICT will be used to record findings, using text, data and tables.

PSED

- Pupils' development will be focussed on the vastness of the world, encouraging an appreciation and fascination.
- Pupils are encouraged to think about the effect of humans actions on the environment over time

Assessment and Reporting

Foundation Stage 2

Children are formatively assessed through observations and evidence of completed work throughout the year. Their progress and attainment is recorded using the statements of development and the Early Learning Goals outlined in the EYFS Curriculum and is reported to the History Subject Lead at the end of each academic year.

Key Stages 1 and 2

Staff record the attainment of pupils each term against each of the learning objectives for their Key Stage and make a judgement of Emerging, Expected or Exceeding for each pupil on Insight. These judgements against the objectives come from Teacher Assessment based on Substantive Assessment data garnered from End of Unit quizzes and Disciplinary Knowledge assessed via the pupils answering of an Enquiry Question.

This information is then reported to the History Subject Lead.

Monitoring and review

- This policy will be reviewed on an annual basis by the subject leader.
- The subject leader will monitor teaching and learning in science at Over Hall School, ensuring that the content of the national curriculum is covered.
- Any changes made to this policy will be communicated to all teaching staff.